

(A Pension Trust Fund of Milwaukee Public Schools)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Including Independent Auditors' Report
As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

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## **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Milwaukee Board of School Directors Supplemental Early Retirement Plan for Teachers

## Opinion

We have audited the accompanying statements of fiduciary net position of the Milwaukee Board of School Directors Supplemental Early Retirement Plan for Teachers (the Plan), as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the statements of changes in fiduciary net position for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Plan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Plan as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in fiduciary net position of the Plan for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Plan and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal controls. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Contributions, and Investment Returns, and the notes to required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin September 9, 2024

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

Milwaukee Public Schools' (the District) Management's review of the changes in the pension plan fiduciary net position and actuarial liabilities for the Milwaukee Board of School Directors Supplemental Early Retirement Plan for Teachers (the Plan) for the fiscal years ended on June 30, 2023 and 2022 is presented below. This information supplements the financial statements in this report.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements of the Plan

The two basic financial statements of the Plan are the *Statements of Fiduciary Net Position* and the *Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position*. Statements are shown for the most recent and previous fiscal years for comparison and analysis of changes in individual line items. The statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The *Statements of Fiduciary Net Position* is a measure of the plan assets and liabilities at the close of the fiscal year. Total assets less liabilities equal net position restricted for pensions.

The Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position shows additions (investment income and employer contributions) and deductions (benefits and expenses) for the fiscal year. The net increase (or decrease) is the change in fiduciary net position since the end of the previous fiscal year.

The *Notes to Financial Statements* are a fundamental part of the financial statements and provide important information to augment the figures in the financial statements. The notes provide information pertaining to the plan provisions, a summary of significant accounting policies, contributions, investments, and tax status of the Plan. Supplementary disclosures of selected financial data are included in the notes.

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, a *Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, a Schedule of Contributions* and a *Schedule of Investment Returns* are included as required supplementary information. These schedules emphasize the long-term nature of the Plan and show progress of the Plan in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios shows actuarial trend information. It includes the ratio of the Plan Fiduciary Net Position to Total Pension Liability (funded ratio) as a percentage. The funded ratio increases or decreases over time depending upon the relationships between contributions, investment performance, benefit changes, and actuarial assumption changes based upon participant information and characteristics.

The *Schedule of Contributions* shows the amount of actuarially determined contributions and the actual contributions as a percentage of the covered payroll.

The *Schedule of Investment Returns* shows the percentage of annual money-weighted rate of return (net of investment expenses) by plan year on investments.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## **Analysis of Plan Fiduciary Net Position and Actuarial Liabilities**

The Plan's assets are reported at fair market value. A summary of the Plan's net position as of June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 is as follows:

	2023	2022		2021
•Assets:				
•Investments (including investments receivable)	\$ 175,952,221	\$ 176,661,634	\$	196,599,506
<ul> <li>Accrued interest receivable</li> </ul>	 417	235		7,891
<u>Total Assets</u>	 175,952,638	176,661,869		196,607,397
•Liabilities (benefits, investments purchased, expenses payable):	4,501,018	6,199,866		1,469,180
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	\$ 171,451,620	\$ 170,462,003	\$	195,138,217

The Plan's Fiduciary Net Position increased by approximately \$1 million during the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2023. The total investment decreased approximately \$2.2 million, contributions decreased by approximately \$204 thousand and benefit payments increased by approximately \$158 thousand.

The Plan's Fiduciary Net Position decreased by approximately \$14 million during the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2022. The decrease is due to a net investment loss of approximately \$25 million, contributions decreased by approximately \$371 thousand and benefit payments increased by approximately \$453 thousand.

It is also helpful to analyze the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position in relation to the Total Pension Liability for plan benefits to evaluate the fiduciary net position of the Plan. An actuarial valuation is performed as of the beginning (July 1) of each year with the results projected to the end of the fiscal year (June 30) using various assumptions including a 6.75% future return on investments. This liability is then rolled forward to June 30, 2023. Additionally, for this purpose, investments are valued at fair market value. The fiduciary net positions as a percentage of total liability as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and 2021 are as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
<ul><li>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</li><li>Total Pension Liability</li></ul>	\$ 171,451,620 217,473,694	\$ 170,462,003 222,381,370	\$ 195,138,217 227,078,100
Net Pension Liability	\$ 46,022,074	\$ 51,919,367	\$ 31,939,883
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	78.8%	76.7%	85.9%

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## **Analysis of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position**

A summary of the changes in fiduciary net position for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 is as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
•Additions:			_
•Net investment income (loss) \$	11,738,164 \$	(14,330,284) \$	43,198,750
<ul><li>Employer contributions</li></ul>	7,082,595	7,286,185	7,657,435
<b>Total Additions (Deductions)</b>	18,820,759	(7,044,099)	50,856,185
•Deductions:			_
<ul> <li>Benefit and refund payments</li> </ul>	17,756,411	17,598,105	17,145,007
•Administrative expenses	74,731	34,010	158,975
Total Deductions	17,831,142	17,632,115	17,303,982
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION \$	989,617 \$	(24,676,214) \$	33,552,203

The net investment gains for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 are the result of money weighted returns on investments of 7.3% and -7.6% for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

It is the District's practice to fund the Plan based on the actuarially determined contributions which were approximately \$7.3 million, \$8.0 million, and \$9.7 million for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. However, the District made prepayments during the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 toward the past service liability portion of the subsequent years' recommended contribution which resulted in a difference in the actual amounts contributed during the respective years. As of June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, the District had cumulative credits (prepayments) of \$7.3 million, \$7.5 million, and \$8.2 million, respectively, for the subsequent years' contribution.

#### **Observations**

- For the year ended on June 30, 2023, the Plan's time-weighted investment return of 7.42% was approximately -2.95% below its benchmark index return of 10.37% and 4.45% above inflation of 2.97%. Over the five years ended on June 30, 2023, the Plan's annualized investment return of 7.31% was 1.07% above the benchmark index return of 6.24% and 3.41% above inflation of 3.90%.
- For the year ended on June 30, 2022, the Plan's time-weighted investment return of -8.08% was approximately 4.81% above its benchmark index return of -12.89% and 17.14% below inflation of 9.06%. Over the five years ended on June 30, 2022, the Plan's annualized investment return of 7.45% was 1.77% above the benchmark index return of 5.68% and 3.57% above inflation of 3.88%.
- For the ten fiscal years through June 30, 2023, the Plan's money-weighted investment returns were as follows: 2023 7.3%; 2022 (-7.6%); 2021 27.8%; 2020 4.7%; 2019 7.2%; 2018- 8.3%; 2017 12.8%; 2016 0.6%; 2015 1.8%; 2014 16.5%.
- The Plan's assets were invested approximately 85% in the SWIB Core Fund, 9% in the SWIB Variable Fund and 6% in various bond funds and money market funds on June 30, 2023. The Plan's assets were invested approximately 42% in Public Equities, 37% in Fixed Income, 7% in Real Estate, and 14% in Alternative Investments on June 30, 2023. Relative to the allocation on June 30, 2022, this represents an 5% decrease in the allocation to Public Equites, 5% decrease in Fixed Income, 1% decrease in the allocation to Real Estate, and 1% decrease in the allocation to Alternative Investments.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

- Based on the funding assumptions, actuarial liabilities for retired participants, terminated vested
  participants and active participants represented 75%, 11% and 14%, respectively, of total accrued
  liabilities on July 1, 2022, and 74%, 11% and 15%, respectively, of total accrued liabilities on July 1, 2021.
- SWIB's Core and Variable Funds included derivative investments in futures contracts, foreign exchange forward and spot contracts, and options in 2023, 2022 and in 2021.
- The fiduciary net position as a percent of the total pension liability increased by 2.19% from 76.65% on June 30, 2022 to 78.84% on June 30, 2023.
- The Plan's actuarially determined contribution decreased by \$661,663 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The Plan's actuary comments that the decrease is primarily due to the amortization policy used to finance the unfunded actuarial liability. The Plan's actuarially determined contribution decreased by \$1,738,094 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Plan's actuary comments that the decrease is primarily due to the amortization policy used to finance the unfunded actuarial liability.

## **Investment Performance**

The returns versus benchmarks were as follows for the one and five-year periods through June 30, 2023:

RETURNS AND BENCHMARKS	1 YEAR	1	5 YEA	·R
•SWIB Core Fund	7.1	%	7.8	%
Benchmark Index Return	9.7	%	6.8	%
•SWIB Variable Fund	17.0	%	9.1	%
Benchmark Index Return	17.9	%	9.9	%
•Employer Benefit Payment Fund	(.3)	%	1.0	%
Benchmark Index Return	(.1)	%	1.2	%
TOTAL PORTFOLIO	7.4	%	7.3	%
BENCHMARK INDEX	10.4	%	6.2	%

The benchmark indices for each fund were as follows:

FUNDS	INDEX	( BEN	NCHMARKS
	39	%	Russell 3000
	18	%	Morgan Stanley All World ex U.S.
•SWIB Core Fund	34	%	Bloomberg Aggregate Bond Index
	4	%	NCREIF
	5	%	"15 %" Rate of Return
•SWIB Variable Fund	80	%	Russell 3000
-3WIB Valiable Fullu	20	%	Morgan Stanley All World ex U.S.
•Employer Benefit Payment Fund	100	%	Bloomberg Intermediate Government/Credit Bond Index
	35	%	S&P 500
TOTAL BORTSOLIO	10	%	Russell 2000
TOTAL PORTFOLIO	15	%	EAFE
	40	%	Bloomberg Aggregate Bond Index

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## **Asset Allocation by Fund and by Asset Class**

The asset allocations by fund on June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were as follows:

ASSET ALLOCATION BY FUND	2023	3	202	2	202	21
•SWIB Core Fund	85	%	84	%	87	%
SWIB Variable Fund	9	%	8	%	8	%
<ul> <li>Employer Benefit Payment Fund at BMO</li> </ul>	6	%	8	%	5	%

On June 30, 2023, the SWIB Core Fund was broadly diversified into U.S. stocks, fixed income, international stocks, real estate, and alternative investments; the SWIB Variable Fund was invested in U.S. stocks and international stocks; and the other portfolio investments were in fixed income. The Total Portfolio allocation by asset class was approximately as follows:

ASSET ALLOCATION BY ASSET CLASS ON JUNE 30	2023	2022	2021
•Global Stocks	42 %	47 %	48 %
•Fixed Income	37 %	42 %	35 %
Real Estate	7 %	8 %	5 %
Alternative Investment	14 %	15 %	12 %

## **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide a financial overview of the Plan. Questions or requests for additional information regarding the financial information presented in this report may be addressed in writing to Pension Office, Department of Benefits, Pensions and Compensations, Milwaukee Public Schools, 5225 W Vliet Street, Room 124, Milwaukee, WI 53208.

# STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

ASSETS		
	2023	2022
Investments, at fair value Money market accounts Nongovernmental obligations Investment in the State of Wisconsin: Core retirement investment trust fund Variable retirement investment trust fund	\$ 2,990,960 8,866,846 146,560,566 16,074,351	\$ 6,136,280 8,395,033 148,350,415 13,779,906
Total investments	174,492,723	176,661,634
Receivables Accrued interest receivable Due from sale of investments	417 <u>1,459,498</u>	235 
Total receivables	<u>1,459,915</u>	235
Total assets	175,952,638	176,661,869
LIABILITIES		
Benefits payable Administrative expenses payable Payable for investments purchased	1,465,628 47,209 <u>2,988,181</u>	1,521,230 30,024 4,648,612
Total liabilities	4,501,018	6,199,866
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	<u>\$171,451,620</u>	<u>\$170,462,003</u>
Net position restricted for pensions attributable to: Nondedicated fund	<u>\$171,451,620</u>	<u>\$170,462,003</u>

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
ADDITIONS Investment income (loss): Net investment income (loss) from the State of Wisconsin: Core retirement trust fund income Variable retirement trust fund income Investment income (loss) from other investments	\$ 9,312,087 2,462,156 70,107	\$ (11,753,606) (2,239,757) (229,327)
Total investment income (loss)	11,844,350	(14,222,690)
Less: investment expenses	(106,186)	(107,594)
Net investment income (loss)	11,738,164	(14,330,284)
Employer contributions	7,082,595	7,286,185
Total additions (deductions)	18,820,759	(7,044,099)
DEDUCTIONS  Benefits paid to participants Administrative expenses	17,756,411 74,731	17,598,105 34,010
Total deductions	<u>17,831,142</u>	<u>17,632,115</u>
Net increase (decrease) in net position	989,617	(24,676,214)
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS Beginning of year	170,462,003	195,138,217
End of year	<u>\$171,451,620</u>	<u>\$170,462,003</u>

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN

The Milwaukee Board of School Directors Supplemental Early Retirement Plan for Teachers (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for certain employees of the Milwaukee Board of School Directors (MBSD). The Plan is administered by the MBSD. The following brief description is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the plan document for more complete information.

a. *General* - The Plan is a defined benefit pension plan established to provide benefits after early retirement, which will supplement the pension benefits provided by the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS). To be eligible for participation, an employee must be a teacher of the Milwaukee Public Schools (the District or MPS) who is in the collective bargaining unit represented by the Milwaukee Teachers' Education Association (MTEA) and who is participating as an active employee in the WRS. Such employees shall become participants in the Plan on the later of the effective date of the Plan or the date they become a participant in the WRS. Employees who first became participants before July 1, 1998, are vested upon participation. Employees who first became participants on or after July 1, 1998, are vested after being employed by the District for at least 15 years after July 1, 1998, in a position that is covered under the MBSD/MTEA teacher contract and that counts as creditable service under the WRS (but excluding periods of military service) and terminates employment with the District on or after the employee's 55th birthday.

Effective July 1, 2013, the Plan was amended as follows:

- Enrollment in the Plan was closed to any employees hired or rehired or transferred or demoted to the teacher until covered under the Plan on or after July 1, 2013; and
- Average monthly compensation was frozen as of July 1, 2013; and
- Creditable service was frozen for all Plan participants as of July 1, 2013; and
- Vesting service was frozen for employees hired or rehired or transferred or demoted to the teacher unit on or after July 1, 2013; and
- Participants in the Plan as of July 1, 2013 and who do not subsequently separate from service prior to eligibility for retirement shall continue to accrue vesting services under the Plan.

The Plan is classified as a "governmental plan" and is, therefore, exempt from the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA).

- b. Retirement Benefits- The Plan provides for early reduced retirement benefits to participants who are eligible and commence their WRS benefit after age 55 and prior to age 62 and provides early retirement benefits if they commence WRS benefits after age 62 but prior to age 65. Benefits are paid in the form of monthly payments based on compensation, years of service, and a defined maximum of average monthly compensation for the three fiscal years of highest earnings preceding the date of retirement. The Plan does not provide for any postretirement increases.
- c. Reduction in Accrued Plan Liabilities Accrued plan liabilities are reduced by the amount attributed to employer contributions for employees who are not vested for benefits and who terminate participation under the Plan for reasons that include termination of employment. These employer contributions are applied to reduce the cost of the Plan and not to increase benefits otherwise payable to eligible participants.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 1. **DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN** (cont.)

d. Plan Membership - Plan membership consisted of the following:

PLAN MEMBERS	JULY 1 2022	JULY 1 2021
•Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	5,001	4,899
•Inactive Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	2,137	2,283
•Active Plan Members	2,016	2,194
TOTAL MEMBERS	9,154	9,376

Plan membership as of July 1, 2022 and 2021 is a close approximation of Plan membership as of June 30, 2023 and 2022. As the Plan was frozen as of July 1, 2013, the Plan membership as of July 1, 2022 was used as of June 30, 2023 (Measurement Date and Reporting Date for Net Pension Liability).

e. *Plan Administration* – Management of the Plan is vested in the Milwaukee Board of School Directors (Board), which consists of nine elected officials. The Board has authority to establish and amend benefit terms, actuary assumptions and funding of the actuarially determined contributions. The Board grants the plan administration authority and responsibilities to the District's administration.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). To facilitate the understanding of data included in the financial statements, summarized below are the more significant accounting policies.

- a. Reporting Entity As defined by GAAP, the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Based upon required criteria, the Plan has no component units. However, the Plan is included in the financial statements of the Milwaukee Public Schools as a pension trust fund.
- b. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. The Plan is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

c. Investment Valuation and Income Recognition - Investments are recorded at fair value. Short-term investments include money market accounts and are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. The specific identification basis is used in the determination of realized gains and losses on sales of securities, excluding the investments in the State of Wisconsin Core Retirement Investment Trust Fund and the State of Wisconsin Variable Retirement Investment Trust Fund (collectively, the "Trusts"). Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis.

The Plan's investments in the Trusts are stated at fair value. Quoted market prices are used to value investments in the Trusts. Net investment income (loss) in the Trusts consists of realized and unrealized gains and losses and investment income (net of fund investment fees).

Dividends and interest are recorded as earned. All dividend and interest income, and all realized investment gains and losses, are allocated to the individual funds based on fund balances at the beginning of the year.

Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonable possible that changes in the values of the investment securities will occur in the near terms and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position.

- d. Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of additions and deductions of the Plan's net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- e. *Contingencies* Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of GASB pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments are recorded as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.
- f. Benefits Payable Plan benefits are paid on the first day of the month for the prior month. Hence, Plan benefits paid on July 1 for the month of June are accrued at Plan year-end on June 30.
- g. Due from Sale of Investments / Payable for Investments Purchased Due from sale of investments represents investments that have been paid for, however, confirmation of the investment into the portfolio has not been received. Payable for investments purchased is recorded when commitments to purchase an investment is made, but the money has not been transferred.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- h. New Pronouncements The GASB has approved the following:
  - Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections- an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.
  - Statement No. 101, Compensation Absences.

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

## 3. PLAN TERMINATION

Although the District has expressed no intent to terminate the plan agreement, it may do so at any time. In the event the Plan terminates, the net position of the Plan will be allocated, as prescribed by the plan provisions, generally to provide the following benefits in the order indicated:

- 1. To provide pensions for those persons who are receiving benefits under the Plan on the date of termination;
- 2. To provide pensions for participants who have attained age 62 prior to the date of termination;
- 3. To provide pensions for participants who have attained age 55 prior to the date of termination;
- 4. To provide benefits for all other participants according to the respective actuarial values of their accrued pension benefits as of the date of termination.

## 4. CONTRIBUTIONS DETERMINED AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE

The Plan's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate assets to pay benefits when due. Level percentages of payroll employer contribution rates are determined using the entry age normal actuarial funding method.

The recommended contribution for the year ended June 30, 2023 of \$7,317,799 to the Plan is an actuarially determined contribution amount determined through an actuarial valuation performed at July 1, 2022. All recommended contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of \$7,283,789 amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and administrative expenses of \$34,010 assuming a funding date of July 1, 2022.

The recommended contribution for the year ended June 30, 2022 of \$7,979,462 to the Plan is an actuarially determined contribution amount determined through an actuarial valuation performed at July 1, 2021. All recommended contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of \$7,820,487 amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and administrative expenses of \$158,975 assuming a funding date of July 1, 2021.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 4. CONTRIBUTIONS DETERMINED AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE (cont.)

The District actually contributed \$7,082,595 in the year ended June 30, 2023. As of June 30, 2023, the District has a cumulative credit (prepayment) of \$7,338,100 (including net interest of \$27,740) to be used for the subsequent year's recommended contributions, which are based on estimates provided by the Plan's actuary.

The District actually contributed \$7,286,185 in the year ended June 30, 2022. As of June 30, 2022, the District has a cumulative credit (prepayment) of \$7,545,564 (including net interest of \$30,250) to be used for the subsequent year's recommended contributions, which are based on estimates provided by the Plan's actuary.

Based on the funding assumptions, the unfunded actuarial liability, for the year ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 is being amortized over 25 years, except for the Additional Deferred Vested Liability, which is amortized over 15 years. The annual amortization is included in the recommended contributions.

The Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Contributions are presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements. These schedules present information about the Plan fiduciary net position relative to the total pension liability for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 and contributions made in the past ten years.

## 5. NET PENSION LIABILITY

The components of the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

COMPONENTS OF NET PENSION LIABILITY	2023	2022
•Total Pension Liability	\$ 217,473,694	\$ 222,381,370
•Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(171,451,620)	(170,462,003)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 46,022,074	\$ 51,919,367
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	 78.8 %	76.7 %
NET PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL	37.2 %	38.4 %

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 5. **NET PENSION LIABILITY** (cont.)

Changes in the net pension liability for the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		ſ	Net Pension Liability
●Balances as of 6/30/2022	\$	222,381,370	\$	170,462,003	\$	51,919,367
Changes for the year:						_
•Interest		14,321,816		-		14,321,816
•Differences Between Expected and Actual Expense		(1,473,081)		-		(1,473,081)
•Contributions - Employer		-		7,082,595		(7,082,595)
•Net Investment Income		-		11,738,164		(11,738,164)
•Benefit Payments		(17,756,411)		(17,756,411)		-
<ul> <li>Administrative Expense</li> </ul>		-		(74,731)		74,731
NET CHANGES		(4,907,676)		989,617		(5,897,293)
•Balances as of 6/30/2023	\$	217,473,694	\$	171,451,620	\$	46,022,074

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
●Balances as of 6/30/2021	\$	227,078,100	\$	195,138,217	\$	31,939,883
Changes for the year:						
•Interest		14,627,051		-		14,627,051
•Differences Between Expected and Actual Expense		(1,725,676)		-		(1,725,676)
•Contributions - Employer		-		7,286,185		(7,286,185)
•Net Investment Loss		-		(14,330,284)		14,330,284
•Benefit Payments		(17,598,105)		(17,598,105)		-
•Administrative Expense		-		(34,010)		34,010
NET CHANGES		(4,696,730)	•	(24,676,214)		19,979,484
●Balances as of 6/30/2022	\$	222,381,370	\$	170,462,003	\$	51,919,367

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 5. **NET PENSION LIABILITY** (cont.)

Actuarial Assumptions: In March 2019, the Plan actuary performed an experience study based on actuarial valuations for the period July 1, 2012 to July 1, 2017. Based on this study the following assumptions were implemented effective for the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 and data rolled forward to June 30, 2023, above using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

ACTUARIAL METHOD	ASSUMPTION			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal			
<ul> <li>Actuarial Value of Assets</li> </ul>	5-Year Smoothed Market			
<ul><li>Inflation</li></ul>	Price Inflation 0.0% Per Year			
	No longer required as Plan was frozen effective			
<ul> <li>Salary Increase</li> </ul>	July 1, 2013. Therefore, salary increases after this date			
	will not be considered pensionable under the Plan.			
•Investment Rate of Return	6.75% Net of Investment Expenses			
	Based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant			
•Mortality Pato	Mortality Table with scaling factors of 98% for men and 96%			
Mortality Rate	for women with generational mortality improvement using			
	MP-2018 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales.			

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	2022			2021				
SWIB CORE FUND ASSET CLASS	Actual Allocation		Long-Te Expected Rate of Re	Real	Actual Allocation		Long-Term Expected Rea Rate of Retu	
Global Stocks	48.00	%	5.00	%	52.00	%	4.20	%
•Fixed Income	25.00	%	2.70	%	25.00	%	1.80	%
<ul> <li>Inflation Sensitive Assets</li> </ul>	19.00	%	1.10	%	19.00	%	0.20	%
Real Estate	8.00	%	2.60	%	7.00	%	3.00	%
<ul><li>Private Equity / Debt</li></ul>	15.00	%	6.90	%	12.00	%	7.00	%
Multi-Asset	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%
•Cash	(15.00)	%	0.00	%	(15.00)	%	0.00	%
PORTFOLIO TARGET ALLOCATION	85.0	%			85.0	%		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 5. **NET PENSION LIABILITY** (cont.)

	2	2022	2	2021		
SWIB VARIABLE FUND ASSET CLASS	Actual Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Actual Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	70.00 %	4.60 %	70.00 %	3.70 %		
•International Equity	30.00 %	5.50 %	30.00 %	4.60 %		
PORTFOLIO TARGET ALLOCATION	10.00 %		10.00 %			

		2022	2	2021	
BMO FUND ASSET CLASS	Actual Allocation Actual Expected Real Rate of Return		Actual Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
•Intermediate Fixed Income	100.00 %		100.00 %		
PORTFOLIO TARGET ALLOCATION	5.00 %	5	5.00 %		
LONG-TERM INFLATION ASSUMPTION		2.50 %		2.50 %	

Single Discount Rate: The Plan is closed to future members, and the funding policy is projected to fully finance plan liabilities in the future. Actuarially determined contributions will be adjusted in the future, as experience emerges, to ensure that retiree benefits are paid.

A single discount rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the plan sponsor would make the actuarially determined contribution as defined by the funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption: Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the Plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.75% for 2023 and 2022, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) for the years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 5. **NET PENSION LIABILITY** (cont.)

Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease	Current Single Discount Rate Assumption	1% Increase
2023	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
2023	\$65,969,700	\$46,002,074	\$28,967,695
2022	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
2022	\$72,826,240	\$51,919,367	\$34,157,095

#### 6. INVESTMENTS

The following table presents a summarization of the fair values of the Plan's investments at June 30, 2023 and 2022. All categorized investments unregistered are held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the Plan's name for the facilitation of trading by the Plan's investment managers. Money market accounts and investments in State of Wisconsin Core Retirement Investment Trust Fund (the "Core Trust") and Variable Retirement Investment Trust Fund (the "Variable Trust") are not categorized because the relationship between the fund and the investment agent is a direct contractual relationship and a transferable instrument that evidences ownership or creditorship does not support the investments.

FAIR VALUES OF THE PLAN'S INVESTMENTS						
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022				
● Categorized						
<ul> <li>Nongovernmental Obligations</li> </ul>	\$8,866,846	\$8,395,033				
Non-Categorized						
<ul> <li>Money Market Accounts</li> </ul>	2,990,960	6,136,280				
<ul><li>Investment in the State of Wisconsin:</li></ul>						
<ul> <li>Core Retirement Investment Trust Fund</li> </ul>	146,560,566	148,350,415				
Variable Retirement Investment Trust Fund	16,074,351	13,779,906				
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$174,492,723	\$176,661,634				

The Plan's investments in the Core Trust and the Variable Trust were established for the investment of assets of the Plan and several other governmental-sponsored retirement plans. Each participating retirement plan has an undivided interest in ethe Trusts. The assets of the Trusts are held by the State of Wisconsin and BMO Global Asset Management ("BMO" or the "Trustee") and each exceeds 5% of the net position restricted for pensions. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Plan's interest in the plan net position of the Core Trust was approximately 0.128% and 0.109% respectively, and the Plan's interest in the plan net position of the Variable Trust was approximately 0.191% and 0.126%, respectively. Investment income and administrative expenses relating to the Trusts are allocated to the individual plans based upon average monthly balances invested by each plan. The Core Trust invests primarily in equity and fixed income securities, while the Variable Trust invests primarily in equity securities.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 6. INVESTMENTS (cont.)

The Plan invests in accordance with the Plan's investment policy. The Plan did not have any investments in mortgage-backed securities as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Also, in accordance with the Plan's investment policy, the Plan invests in nongovernmental obligations (5.08% and 4.75% of plan assets in 2023 and 2022, respectively). These securities are reported at fair value in the statements of fiduciary net position.

For the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 7.3% and -7.6%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

## 7. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK

The Trustees of the Plan have adopted a Statement of Investment Policy (the "Policy"). It articulates asset allocation targets; guidelines for interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk for separately managed portfolios; and performance benchmarks. Under Wisconsin statutes, equities, other than investments in the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Funds ("SWIB funds"), are subject to the statutory limitation that they may not exceed 50% of the market value of the plan assets. The Plan has no equity investments other than those in the SWIB funds. The Policy targets equities in the SWIB Variable Fund to equal 150% of the amount in Fixed Income securities at BMO, with the remainder of the portfolio allocated to the SWIB Core Fund. The Policy target for Fixed Income is the sum of six months benefit payments plus six months administrative expense. The portfolio is rebalanced toward the Policy targets quarterly. On June 30, 2023, the SWIB Core Fund strategic targets were 44% to Global Stocks, 43% to Fixed Income, 10% to Real Estate, and 18% to Alternative Investments. On June 30, 2022, the SWIB Core Fund strategic targets were 45% to Global Stocks, 43% to Fixed Income, 9% to Real Estate, and 18% to Alternative Investments . The strategic target allocations total 115% and 115% on June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, reflecting the possibility of introducing leverage into the portfolio. On June 30, 2023, the SWIB Variable Fund strategic targets were 70% to U.S. Stocks, 30% to International Stocks, and 0% to Alternative Investments, On June 30, 2022, the SWIB Variable Fund strategic targets were 70% to U.S. Stocks. 30% to International Stocks, and 0% to Alternative Investments

Under the SWIB Investment Policy, the Core and Variable Fund asset allocations will be reviewed monthly for potential rebalancing. For the SWIB funds, when a major liquid asset class (i.e., Total Public Equities, Total Public Fixed Income) exceeds its target allocation by plus or minus 4%, a rebalancing exercise will be initiated. The Plan's investment portfolio (the Fund) has two investment managers: the State of Wisconsin Investment Board (SWIB) and BMO. Each investment manager is responsible for managing the portion of the Fund assets under its control in accordance with its policy and guidelines. BMO is also responsible for managing its Plan portfolios in accordance with the guidelines adopted by the Trustees. Milwaukee Public Schools completes a comprehensive review of the Fund relative to the Policy on an annual basis.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 7. **DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK** (cont.)

#### A. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Milwaukee Public Schools uses both duration and weighted average maturity as methods of monitoring interest rate risk. SWIB data is expressed in terms of modified duration and option adjusted duration. Modified duration, which is stated in years, is the measure of price sensitivity of a fixed income security to an interest rate change of 100 basis points. The calculation is based on the weighted average of the present value of all cash flows. Some pooled investments are analyzed using an option adjusted duration calculation which is similar to the modified duration method. Option adjusted duration incorporates the duration shortening effect of any embedded call provisions in securities.

The following schedule summarizes the duration and fair value of the investments at BMO as of June 30, 2023 and the fair value at SWIB as of June 30, 2023.

INVESTMENTS	DURATION (YEARS)	FAIR VALUE
•SWIB Core and Variable Funds	Details on the SWIB fixed income Investment as of 12/31/2022 are included below	\$162,634,917
<ul> <li>Money Market Accounts (at BMO) and Cash Equivalents</li> </ul>	0.08	\$2,990,960
<ul><li>Mutual Funds (at BMO)</li></ul>	3.80	\$8,866,846

SWIB information is provided within the accompanying financial statement as of December 31, 2022. There has been no significant change in SWIB's investment strategies, asset allocations and investment pricing methods from December 31, 2022 to June 30, 2023. Based on SWIB information, the District feels the information presented for SWIB Investments as of December 31, 2022 is a fair representation for June 30, 2023.

The following schedule displays the duration or weighted average maturity of the investments by type of investment at SWIB as of December 31, 2022.

SWIB INVESTMENTS	DURATION (YEARS)	FA	IR VALU	E
<ul> <li>Asset Backed Securities</li> </ul>	2.3	\$	1,350	Million
Commercial Paper	20 Days	\$	380	Million
<ul> <li>Corporate Bonds and Private Placements</li> </ul>	5.4	\$	10,313	Million
<ul> <li>Foreign Gov./Agency Bonds</li> </ul>	6.9	\$	1,250	Million
<ul> <li>Leveraged Loans</li> </ul>	.7	\$	1,913	Million
<ul> <li>Municipal Bonds</li> </ul>	8.0	\$	138	Million
<ul> <li>Repurchase Agreements</li> </ul>	13 Days	\$	809	Million
Time Deposits	61 Days	\$	20	Million
<ul> <li>U.S. Government Agencies</li> </ul>	5.7	\$	1,344	Million
• U.S. TIPS	6.6	\$	21,650	Million
<ul> <li>U.S. Treasury Securities</li> </ul>	8.6	\$	4,239	Million
Commingled Funds	20 Days to 4.4	\$	5,141	Million

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 7. **DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK** (cont.)

Note: On December 31, 2022, SWIB's Core Fund and Variable Fund had \$114 billion and \$8.4 billion in assets, respectively. As of June 30, 2023, the Plan's assets were invested 85% in the SWIB Core Fund, 9% in the SWIB Variable Fund, and 6% in portfolios managed by BMO. For SWIB, the duration of each U.S. Fixed Income portfolio shall remain within 15% of the assigned benchmark's duration. For the bond portfolio for the payment of benefits and expenses, the duration will be within a range of 50% to 150% of the duration of the benchmark index.

The following schedule summarizes the duration and fair value of the investments at BMO as of June 30, 2022 and the fair value at SWIB as of June 30, 2022.

INVESTMENTS	DURATION (YEARS)	FAIR VALUE
•SWIB Core and Variable Funds	Details on the SWIB fixed income Investment as of 12/31/2021 are included below	\$162,130,321
<ul> <li>Money Market Accounts (at BMO) and Cash Equivalents</li> </ul>	0.19	\$6,136,280
<ul><li>Mutual Funds (at BMO)</li></ul>	3.96	\$8,395,033

SWIB information provided within the accompanying financial statement is as of December 31, 2021. There has been no significant change in SWIB's investment strategies, asset allocations and investment pricing methods from December 31, 2021 to June 30, 2022. Based on SWIB information, the District feels the information presented for SWIB Investments as of December 31, 2021 is a fair representation for June 30, 2022.

The following schedule displays the duration or weighted average maturity of the investments by type of investment at SWIB as of December 31, 2021.

SWIB INVESTMENTS	DURATION (YEARS)	FA	FAIR VALUE		
Asset Backed Securities	3.3	\$	833	Million	
Commercial Paper	69 Days	\$	284	Million	
<ul> <li>Corporate Bonds and Private Placements</li> </ul>	6.9	\$	14,676	Million	
<ul> <li>Foreign Gov./Agency Bonds</li> </ul>	7.2	\$	2,269	Million	
<ul> <li>Municipal Bonds</li> </ul>	11.5	\$	189	Million	
<ul> <li>Repurchase Agreements</li> </ul>	3 Days	\$	269	Million	
<ul> <li>U.S. Government Agencies</li> </ul>	4.8	\$	2,313	Million	
• U.S. TIPS	7.6	\$	21,183	Million	
<ul> <li>U.S. Treasury Securities</li> </ul>	8.5	\$	5,577	Million	
<ul> <li>Commingled Funds</li> </ul>	57 Days to 7.6	\$	7,092	Million	

Note: On December 31, 2021, SWIB's Core Fund and Variable Fund had \$136 billion and \$10.9 billion in assets, respectively. As of June 30, 2022, the Plan's assets were invested 84% in the SWIB Core Fund, 8% in the SWIB Variable Fund, and 8% in portfolios managed by BMO. For SWIB, the duration of each U.S. Fixed Income portfolio shall remain within 15% of the assigned benchmark's duration. For the bond portfolio for the payment of benefits and expenses, the duration will be within a range of 50% to 150% of the duration of the benchmark index.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 7. **DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK** (cont.)

## B. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The following schedule displays the credit quality percentage distributions of the fixed income investments in the SWIB Core and Variable Funds as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 and in the separate accounts managed by BMO on June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022. For SWIB, the schedule displays the lowest credit rating assigned by several nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

RATING*		S	WIB			В	МО		
RATING	12/31/20	)22	12/31/2	021	6/30/20	23	6/30/2022		
•P-1 or A-1	0.00	%	0.10	%	N/A		N/A		
•P-2 or A-2	0.70	%	0.40	%	N/A		N/A		
<ul><li>UST and AGY</li></ul>	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		
•AAA/Aaa	0.90	%	1.00	%	25.2	%	42.0	%	
•AA/Aa	57.10	%	54.30	%	N/A		N/A		
•A	3.30	%	5.60	%	N/A		N/A		
●BBB/Baa	8.70	%	13.90	%	N/A		N/A		
●BB/Ba	6.20	%	4.40	%	N/A		N/A		
•B	8.60	%	3.60	%	N/A		N/A		
•CCC/Caa	1.00	%	1.50	%	N/A		N/A		
•CC/Ca	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		
•C	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		
•D	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		
Commingled Funds & Mutual     Funds	9.90	%	12.50	%	74.8	%	58.00	%	
Not-Rated	3.60	%	2.70	%	0	%	0	%	

<sup>\*</sup>As defined by Moody's Bond Ratings or Standard and Poor's.

SWIB's Core Fund's Government/Credit Portfolio shall maintain an average quality rating of A or better. Non-Investment Grade securities shall not exceed 15% of the portfolio's market value. For SWIB's Global Bond Portfolio, overall portfolio quality must be maintained at an average rating of A or better. Corporate securities may not exceed 20% of the portfolio's market value and must be rated at least "B-" and above. Corporate securities rated "BB+" or lower but no lower than "B-" may not exceed 5% of the portfolio's market value. Emerging market sovereign debt is limited to (a) securities that are rated "B-" or above and (b) debt of countries in the J.P. Morgan Emerging Market Bond Index Global Diversified; Emerging market corporate debt is limited to (a) securities that are rated "B-" or above and (b) issuers in the Bloomberg Barclays US Credit Index. Relative emerging market debt shall not exceed 10% of the portfolio's market value.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 7. **DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK** (cont.)

#### C. Custodial Credit Risk

The Plan does not have a deposit or investment policy specifically related to custodial credit risk. The Plan's assets are restricted to investments in the SWIB Core and Variable Funds and in portfolios at BMO.

Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the fund will not be able to recover deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. SWIB had uninsured and uncollateralized deposits totaling \$310.5 million and \$461.1 million on December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. In total, these deposits represented 0.25% and 0.34% of the combined assets of the SWIB Core and Variable Funds, on December 31, 2022 and on December 31, 2021, respectively.

Investments - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty to a transaction, SWIB will not be able to recover the value of investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The Retirement Funds held repurchase agreements totaling \$1.6 billion as of December 31, 2022 and \$268.8 million as of December 31, 2021. All of these repurchase agreements were tri-party agreements held in short-term cash management portfolios managed by SWIB's custodian. The underlying securities for these repurchase agreements were held by the tri-party's agent, not in SWIB's name. These agreements represented 1.3% and 0.18% of the combined assets of the SWIB Core and Variable Funds on December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

## D. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a fund's investment in a single issuer. SWIB limits concentrations of credit risk by establishing investment guidelines for individual portfolios or groups of portfolios (excluding U.S. Government and Agency Securities) that generally restrict issuer concentrations in any one company or Rule 144A securities to less than 5% of the portfolio's market value. For the other separately managed portfolios, the policy guidelines specify that individual securities (excluding U.S. Government and Agency securities) in a separate portfolio should not exceed 7% of the value of that portfolio. None of the securities in these portfolios represented more than 5% of the market value of the Fund.

## E. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. As of December 31, 2022, \$14.9 billion of the SWIB Core and Variable Funds' currency exposure was denominated in foreign currency. As of December 31, 2021, \$22.1 billion of the SWIB Core and Variable Funds' currency exposure was denominated in foreign currency. For the BMO managed portfolios, there was no foreign currency exposure.

The risk definitions noted above are from the GASB. The data, risk descriptions, and guidelines for the SWIB Funds were provided by SWIB and the data for the other investment types were provided by BMO.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 8. DERIVATIVE INVESTMENTS

The Plan holds investments in SWIB Funds, which may enter into a variety of financial contracts, including futures and options, primarily to enhance performance, reduce volatility of the portfolio, and aid in cash flow management. SWIB also enters into foreign exchange positions, such as forward and spot contracts, to obtain or hedge foreign currency exposure. The financial contracts are included in SWIB Variable and Core Investments on the Statement of Net Investment Position. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Plan's interest in the SWIB Core Trust was approximately 0.128% and 0.109%, respectively, and the Plan's interest in the plan net position of the Variable Trust was approximately 0.191% and 0.126%, respectively. The SWIB Funds are exposed to credit risk in the event of non-performance by counterparties to financial instruments. Exposure to market risk, the risk that future changes in market conditions may make an instrument less valuable, is managed in accordance with risk limits through buying or selling instruments or entering into offsetting positions.

A financial futures contract is an exchange traded agreement to buy or sell a financial instrument at an agreed upon price and time in the future. Futures contracts are marked to market daily, based upon the closing market price of the contract at the board of trade or exchange on which they are traded. The resulting gain or loss is typically received or paid the following day until the contract expires. Futures contracts involve, to varying degrees, risk of loss in excess of the variation margin. Losses may arise from future changes in the value of the underlying instrument. Substantially all future contracts have a maturity date of less than one year.

Option contracts give the purchaser of the contract the right to buy (call) or sell (put) the security or index underlying the contract at an agreed upon price on or before the expiration of the option contract. The fair value of option contracts is based upon the closing market price of the contract. The seller of the contract is subject to market risk, while the purchaser is subject to credit risk and market risk to the extent of the premium paid to enter into the contract.

Foreign exchange contracts involve an agreement to exchange the currency of one country for the currency of another country at an agreed-upon price and settlement date. Spot and forward contracts entered into by SWIB are over-the-counter contracts, entered into with various counterparties. These contracts are valued daily, and guidelines have been established which provide minimum credit ratings for counterparties. Losses may arise from future changes in value of the underlying currency, or if the counterparties do not perform under the terms of the contract.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 8. **DERIVATIVE INVESTMENTS** (cont.)

The following table summarizes the aggregate notional or fair value amounts for SWIB's derivative financial instruments at December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands):

	12/31/2022	12/31/2021
●Future Contracts (Notional)	\$ 4,084,917	\$ 9,207,738
<ul> <li>Foreign Currency Spot and Forward</li> <li>Contracts- Receivable (Fair Value)</li> </ul>	\$ 3,605,496	\$ 4,217,104
●Foreign Currency Spot and Forward Contracts – <i>Payable (Fair Value)</i>	\$ (3,554,492)	\$ (4,213,310)
●OTC Derivative Investments Subject to Counterparty Credit Risk <i>Receivable (Fair Value)</i>	\$ 9,963,669	\$ 7,717,038
●OTC Derivative Investments Subject to Counterparty Credit Risk— <i>Receivable (Payable)</i> (Fair Value)	\$ 5,601	\$ 26,225
<ul><li>Options – Puts (Notional)</li></ul>	\$ (3,451)	\$ (432,124)
<ul><li>Options – Calls (Notional)</li></ul>	\$ (22,147)	\$ (34,435)

## 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under authoritative guidance are described as follows:

LEVEL	DESCRIPTION
Level 1	Investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
Level 2	Investments reflect prices that are based on inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable for an asset (including quoted prices for similar assets), which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
Level 3	Investments reflect process based upon valuation techniques in which significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for BMO assets measured at fair value. There were no changes to the methodologies during the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Money market accounts: Valued at the quoted net asset value (NAV) of shares held by the Plan at year end.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (cont.)

Mutual funds: Mutual funds are valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by the Plan are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily NAV and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the Plan are deemed to be actively traded.

The plan sponsor is responsible for the determination of fair value. The plan sponsor has not historically adjusted the prices obtained from pricing services. The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Plan believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Plan's investments held at BMO at fair value as of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

AS OF JUNE 30, 2023	LE\	/EL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3		TOTAL		
<ul> <li>Money Market Accounts</li> </ul>	\$	-	\$ 2,990,960	\$	-	\$	2,990,960	
●Mutual Funds:								
•Short-Term								
Investment Grade Bond		-	-		-		-	
Funds								
<ul><li>Intermediate-Term</li></ul>								
Investment Grade Bond	8	8,866,846	-		-		8,866,846	
Funds								
<b>Investments at Fair Value</b>	\$ 8	3,866,846	\$ 2,990,960	\$	-	\$	11,857,806	

AS OF JUNE 30, 2022	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL		
<ul> <li>Money Market Accounts</li> </ul>	\$ -	\$ 6,136,280	\$ -	\$ 6,136,280		
<ul><li>Mutual Funds:</li></ul>						
•Short-Term						
Investment Grade Bond	-	-	-	-		
Funds						
<ul><li>Intermediate-Term</li></ul>						
Investment Grade Bond	8,395,033	-	-	8,395,033		
Funds						
<b>Investments at Fair Value</b>	\$ 8,395,033	\$ 6,136,280	\$ -	\$ 14,531,313		

Short-Term Investment Grade Bond Funds include funds with a duration of less than three years and Intermediate-Term Investment Grade Bond Funds include funds with a duration greater than three years.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (cont.)

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for SWIB assets measured at fair value. There are no changes to the methodologies during the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Level 1 investments are generally valued at the official closing price (usually the last trade price) or the last bid price on the security's primary exchange. Such investments generally include exchange-traded securities such as equities, preferred stock, certain derivatives, and exchange-traded funds. U.S. Treasury Bills and only the most recently-issued U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds are classified as Level 1 because available pricing for these securities is similarly reliable to exchange-traded securities.

Level 2 investments are valued using observable inputs by third-party pricing services using either a bid evaluation or a matrix-pricing technique. Bid evaluations may include market quotations that are based on yields, maturities, call features, and ratings. Matrix-pricing is used to value securities based on their relationship to benchmark market prices for securities with similar interest rates, maturities, and credit ratings. Pricing in this level may also include market approaches that incorporate benchmark interest rates. Debt securities comprise the majority of the Level 2 investments because they are generally traded using a dealer market, with lower trading volumes than Level 1 securities. Over-the-counter derivatives, such as swaps, TBAs, and foreign exchange contracts, are also included in Level 2 because they are priced using a market approach that considers benchmark interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

Level 3 investments are generally valued using significant inputs that are unobservable to the marketplace. This may occur if an investment is illiquid or its value is based on estimates. For the WRS, such investments primarily include directly-held real estate, valued using appraisals and, as such, rely on unobservable inputs. Asset Backed Securities included in level 3 represent private placements that are valued at purchase price because third-party valuations are unavailable. Equities, convertibles, and preferred securities included in the Level 3 hierarchy are generally privately-held securities valued using valuation models such as price multiples incorporating public company comparables, discounted cash flows and milestone valuation models. In some instances of privately-held preferred securities, valuation is determined based on recent financing rounds. Bank loans, which represent the majority of corporate bonds and private placements in the Level 3 category, are priced by vendors using proprietary models which may incorporate unobservable inputs. Cash and Cash Equivalents included in Level 3 represent securities priced at cost. Typically, due to their short-term nature, cost approximates fair value for these investments. Other factors such as infrequent trading, inactive market, or adjusted quoted prices may also result in Level 3 measurements.

SWIB Investments by Fair Value Level as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands) are noted in the following tables.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (cont.)

Investments by Fair Value Level as of December 31, 2022 (in thousands)

ASSET TYPE	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Cash Equivalents				
<ul><li>Certificates of Deposit</li></ul>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
•Commercial Paper	-	-	65,920	65,920
<ul><li>Money Markets</li></ul>	400,000	-	-	400,000
Total Cash Equivalents	400,000	-	65,920	465,920
•Stocks				
•Domestic	29,752,012	33	149,953	29,901,998
•International	13,569,363	39	14,217	13,583,619
Total Stocks	43,321,375	72	164,170	43,485,617
●Fixed Income				
<ul> <li>Asset Backed Securities</li> </ul>	-	1,320,191	29,491	1,349,682
•Corporate Bonds & Private Placements	-	9,890,544	238,330	10,128,874
<ul><li>Foreign Government/Agency Bonds</li></ul>	-	1,246,766	3,380	1,250,146
•Leveraged Loans	-	1,545,358	367,759	1,913,117
•Municipal Bonds	-	138,433	-	138,433
•U.S. Government Agencies	-	1,343,996	-	1,343,996
<ul> <li>U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected</li> <li>Securities</li> </ul>	-	21,649,758	-	21,649,758
•U.S. Treasury Securities	14,921	4,223,700	-	4,238,621
<ul><li>Exchange Traded Funds</li></ul>	653,531	-	-	653,531
Total Fixed Income	668,452	41,358,746	638,960	42,666,158
•Real Estate	-	-	-	-
Preferred Securities				
•Domestic	-	164,038	248,458	412,496
<ul><li>International</li></ul>	100,391	-	-	100,391
Total Preferred Securities	100,391	164,038	248,458	512,887
● Convertibles	-	-	12,862	12,862
● Derivatives				
<ul><li>Foreign Exchange Contracts</li></ul>	-	51,004	-	51,004
• Futures	(3,066)	-	-	(3,066)
•Options	(103)	-	-	(103
•Swaps	-	(22,874)	-	(22,874)
• To Be Announced Securities	=	1,263,200		1,263,200
Total Derivatives	(3,169)	1,291,330	-	1,288,161
●Equity Short Sales	(3,503,095)	(140,231)	(4)	(3,643,330)
TOTAL	\$ 40,983,954	\$ 42,673,955	\$ 1,130,366	\$ 84,788,275

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (cont.)

Investments by Fair Value Level as of December 31, 2021 (in thousands)

ASSET TYPE	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Cash Equivalents				
<ul> <li>Certificates of Deposit</li> </ul>	\$ -	\$ 9,008	\$ 15,005	\$ 24,013
•Commercial Paper	-	-	180,510	180,510
Money Markets	250,005	-	-	250,005
Total Cash Equivalents	250,005	9,008	195,515	454,528
●Stocks				
•Domestic	50,086,973	57	93,048	50,180,078
<ul><li>International</li></ul>	22,942,766	165	11,166	22,954,097
Total Stocks	73,029,739	222	104,214	73,134,175
●Fixed Income				
<ul> <li>Asset Backed Securities</li> </ul>	-	811,356	21,508	832,864
•Corporate Bonds & Private Placements	-	14,405,143	65,277	14,470,420
<ul><li>Foreign Government/Agency Bonds</li></ul>	-	2,268,939	-	2,268,939
•Municipal Bonds	-	188,657	-	188,657
•U.S. Government Agencies	-	2,312,676	-	2,312,676
<ul><li>U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected</li><li>Securities</li></ul>	-	21,183,186	-	21,183,186
<ul><li>U.S. Treasury Securities</li></ul>	38,476	5,538,222	-	5,576,698
•Exchange Traded Funds	465,891	-	-	465,891
Total Fixed Income	504,367	46,708,179	86,785	47,299,331
●Real Estate	-	-	-	-
Preferred Securities				
•Domestic	1	229,440	232,989	462,430
<ul><li>International</li></ul>	240,882	-	-	240,882
Total Preferred Securities	240,883	229,440	232,989	703,312
● Convertibles	-	63	2,090	2,153
Derivatives				
•Foreign Exchange Contracts	-	3,793	-	3,793
•Futures	76,789	-	-	76,789
•Options	(1,946)	-	-	(1,946)
•Swaps	-	25,689	-	25,689
To Be Announced Securities	-	2,899,255	-	2,899,255
Total Derivatives	74,843	2,928,737	-	3,003,580
●Equity Short Sales	(8,047,473)	-	(3,193)	(8,050,666)
TOTAL	\$ 66,052,364	\$ 49,875,649	\$ 618,400	\$ 116,546,413

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (cont.)

SWIB notes that the fair value of investments in certain fixed income funds, private equity limited partnerships, stock funds, real estate limited partnerships, and hedge funds are based on the investments' net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) provided by the investee. The December 31, 2022 and 2021 investments valued using NAV are shown in the tables below and include commingled/pooled funds, private equity and real estate limited partnerships.

Investments Measured at NAV as of December 31, 2022 (in thousands)

Investments Measured at NAV	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period (8)
Cash and Cash Equivalents (1)	\$ 3,513,674	-	Daily	Same Day
Fixed Income (2)	1,873,447	-	Daily, Monthly	5-30 days
Fixed Income Limited Partnerships (3)	511,007	-	Monthly	45 days
Private Fund Investment (4)	31,718,665	13,872,934	N/A	N/A
Equities (5)	11,421,223	-	Daily, Monthly, Quarterly	2-50 days
Equity Limited Partnerships (6)	1,733,102	-	Monthly	5-15 days
Hedge Funds (7)	7,682,286	787,235	Various	Various
TOTAL	\$ 58,453,404	\$ 14,660,169		

- (1) This category consists of short-term cash funds with the investment objective of safety of principal and liquidity while earning a competitive money market rate of return. The short-term cash funds have daily liquidity with same day notice.
- (2) This category includes fixed managers which can invest across the credit quality spectrum, in varying geographies. The external asset managers require a redemption notice period of between 5 to 30 days, and the funds have daily and monthly liquidity.
- (3) The Fixed Income Limited Partnership fund invests in Leveraged Loans. The manager requires a redemption notice period of 45 days and assets can be redeemed monthly.
- (4) Private Fund Investments include direct, co-investments with existing SWIB general partners, direct secondary investments, and fund of funds. These investments are illiquid and are generally not resold or redeemed. Distributions from each fund are received as the underlying investments are liquidated or over the life of the investment. As of December 31, 2022, there are four partial and full redemption sales planned in 2023 on the secondary market. The anticipated sales price of these funds is not expected to be materially different than the NAV as of December 31, 2022.
- (5) This category includes long-only equity managers (88%) with various fundamental, quantitative and other approaches spanning various styles, geographies, and market cap weights. These long-only manager investments can be redeemed either daily, monthly, or quarterly with between 2 and 50 business days' notice. The remaining 12% of this category represents emerging markets equity index funds with an investment strategy designed to track the return of the given segment of the emerging equity markets. These investments can be redeemed daily with 2 business days' notice.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (cont.)

- (6) Equity Limited Partnership fund invests in U.S. and global equity. The external asset managers require a redemption notice period between 5 to 15 days and can be redeemed monthly. These investments represent open-ended funds that are readily redeemable.
- (7) Hedge Fund investments are private investment funds that seek to produce absolute returns using a broad range of strategies. In certain instances, Hedge Fund investments are structured as limited partnerships, whereby participants receive distributions over the life of the fund. The estimated remaining life for some funds structured as limited partnerships are either between 5-10 years or greater than 10 years.
- (8) Redemption terms described for NAV investments reflect contractual agreements and assume withdrawals are made without adverse market impact and under normal market conditions.

Investments Measured at NAV as of December 31, 2021 (in thousands)

Investments Measured at NAV	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period (7)
Cash and Cash Equivalents (1)	\$ 5,404,746	-	Daily	Same Day
Fixed Income (2)	1,221,762	-	Daily	5 days
Private Equity Limited Partnerships (3)	26,573,553	14,112,896	N/A	N/A
Equities (4)	9,710,717	-	Daily, Monthly	2-30 days
Real Estate Limited Partnerships (5)	933,917	-	Monthly	15 days
Hedge Funds (6)	6,227,923	746,672	Various	Various
TOTAL	\$ 50,072,618	\$ 14,859,568		

- (1) This category consists of short-term cash funds with the investment objective of safety of principal and liquidity while earning a competitive money market rate of return. The short-term cash funds have daily liquidity with same day notice.
- (2) This category includes a long-only fixed manager which can invest across the credit quality spectrum, in varying geographies, and can include derivatives, high yield and structured securities. The long-only manager requires a redemption notice period of 5 days and has daily liquidity.
- (3) Private Equity Limited Partnerships include direct, co-investments with existing SWIB general partners, direct secondary investments and fund of funds. These investments are illiquid and are generally not resold or redeemed. Distributions from each fund are received as the underlying investments are liquidated. As of December 31, 2021, there is no one partial sale planned in 2022 on the secondary market. The anticipated sale price of this funds is not expected to be materially difference than the NAV as of December 31, 2021.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (cont.)

- (4) This category includes long-only equity managers (71%) with various fundamental, quantitative and other approaches spanning various styles, geographies and market cap weights. These long-only manager investments can be redeemed either daily or monthly with between 10 and 30 business days' notice. The remaining 29% of this category represents emerging markets equity index funds with an investment strategy designed to track the return of the given segment of the emerging equity markets. These investments can be redeemed daily with 2 business days' notice.
- (5) Equity Limited Partnership fund invests in global equity. The long-only manager requires a redemption notice period of 15 days and can be redeemed monthly.
- (6) Hedge Fund investments are private investment funds that seek to produce absolute returns using a broad range of strategies. In certain instances, Hedge Fund investments are structured as limited partnerships, whereby participants receive distributions over the life of the fund. Estimated remaining life for four funds structured as limited partnerships is less than 10 years, three funds between 5-10 years.
- (7) Redemption terms described for NAV investments reflect contractual agreements and assume withdrawals are made without adverse market impact and under normal market conditions.

## 10. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The total pension liability is reported based on certain assumptions pertaining to interest rates, inflation rates, and employee demographics, all of which are subject to change. Due to uncertainties inherent in the estimations and assumptions process, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these estimates and assumptions in the near term would be material to the financial statements.

## 11. TAX STATUS

The District has received a favorable tax determination letter dated January 9, 2017 from the Internal Revenue Service, which indicates that the Plan qualifies under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and the related trust is exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501(a) as amended by the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001. This favorable determination is contingent upon the adoption of the proposed First Amendment for the Plan which amends Section 6.4(a). On October 16, 2014, the District received a favorable tax determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service, which indicates that it considered the 2007 Cumulative List of Changes in Plan Qualification Requirements and is entitled to be treated as Governmental plan under the section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.

## 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events occurring through September 9, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements. Management feels no material event occurred that would require disclosure.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (See Independent Auditors' Report on Page 1)

## Required Supplementary Information

## Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Interest on the total pension Liability Benefit changes	\$ 14,321,816 \$	14,627,051 \$	14,965,029	\$ 15,836,643 \$ -	16,182,472	\$ 16,436,072 \$	16,635,125 \$	16,846,685 \$	17,001,811 \$	17,203,578
Difference between expected and actual expense Assumption changes	(1,473,081)	(1,725,676)	(4,166,782) 949,752	(6,441,233) 985,173	(695,436) 12,396,147	(3,160,017)	(3,241,431)	(2,247,617)	(2,929,293)	
Benefit payments  Net Change in Total Pension Liability	 (4,907,676)	(4,696,730)	(17,145,007)	(16,887,950)	(16,477,649)	(16,013,508)	(16,244,782)	(16,607,340)	(2,965,223)	(16,891,272)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 222,381,370 217,473,694 \$	227,078,100 222,381,370 \$	232,475,108	238,982,475 \$ 232,475,108 \$	227,576,941	230,314,394 \$ 227,576,941 \$	233,165,482 230,314,394 \$	235,173,754 233,165,482 \$	238,138,977 235,173,754 \$	237,826,671 238,138,977
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments Administrative expense Other *	7,082,595 11,738,164 (17,756,411) (74,731)	7,286,185 (14,330,284) (17,598,105) (34,010)	7,657,435 43,198,750 (17,145,007) (158,975)	9,789,606 7,265,841 (16,887,950) (150,628)	11,911,441 10,779,925 (16,477,649) (151,966)	8,906,670 12,028,603 (16,013,508) (147,828) (4,186)	9,456,955 16,153,487 (16,244,782) (156,826)	9,888,196 964,012 (16,607,340) (174,658)	9,540,139 2,410,365 (17,037,741) (145,726)	10,954,526 21,504,411 (16,891,272) (176,226)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 989,617	(24,676,214)	33,552,203	16,869	6,061,751	4,769,751	9,208,834	(5,929,790)	(5,232,963)	15,391,439
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 170,462,003	195,138,217	161,586,014	161,569,145	155,507,394	150,737,643	141,528,809	147,458,599	152,691,562	137,300,123
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 171,451,620 \$ 46,022,074 \$	170,462,003 \$ 51,919,367 \$		\$ 161,586,014 \$ \$ 70,889,094 \$		\$ 155,507,394 \$ \$ 72,069,547 \$	150,737,643 \$ 79,576,751 \$	141,528,809 \$ 91,636,673 \$	147,458,599 \$ 87,715,155 \$	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 78.8% 123,577,544 \$	76.7% 135,143,910 \$	85.9% 171,900,618	69.5% \$ 180,168,964 \$	67.6% 199,988,240	68.3% \$ 221,227,773 \$	65.4% 236,655,777 \$	60.7% 250,768,000 \$	62.7% 262,424,327 \$	64.1% 288,512,864
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	37.2%	38.4%	18.6%	39.4%	38.7%	32.6%	33.6%	36.5%	33.4%	29.6%

#### Notes to Schedule:

<sup>\*</sup> Transfer from Teacher's Plan to Director's Plan year end June 30, 2018.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions

## Last 10 Fiscal years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$7,317,799	\$7,979,462	\$9,717,556	\$10,245,574	\$10,390,406	\$9,385,392	\$9,791,544	\$9,897,438	\$10,329,340	\$11,168,472
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$7,082,595	\$7,286,185	\$7,657,435	\$9,789,606	\$11,911,441	\$8,906,670	\$9,456,055	\$9,888,196	\$9,540,139	\$10,954,526
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$235,204	\$693,277	\$2,060,121	\$455,968	(\$1,521,035)	\$478,722	\$335,489	\$9,242	\$789,201	\$213,946
Covered-employee payroll	\$123,577,544	\$135,143,910	\$171,900,618	\$180,168,964	\$199,988,240	\$221,227,773	\$236,665,777	\$250,768,000	\$262,424,327	\$288,512,864
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	5.9%	5.9%	5.7%	5.7%	5.2%	4.2%	4.1%	3.9%	3.9%	3.9%

## Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of	7.3%	-7.6%	27.8%	4.7%	7.2%	8.3%	12.8%	0.6%	1.8%	16.5%
return, net of investment expense	7.5%	-7.6%	27.8%	4.7%	7.2%	0.5%	12.8%	0.6%	1.8%	16.5%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## 1. SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

The total pension liability contained in this schedule was provided by the Plan's actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company. The net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability less the amount of the fiduciary net position of the Plan.

#### 2. SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

The determined employer contributions and the amounts of the contributions actually made are presented in the schedule.

#### 3. ACTUARIAL INFORMATION

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was used in the actuarial valuations for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contribution rate. The assumptions and methods used for this actuarial valuation were recommended by the actuary and adopted by the District. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	July 1, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Asset valuation method	Market value used for GASB Statements No. 67 and 68 reporting, 5-year smoothed market used to determine contributions
	•The loss at July 1, 2006, due to the valuation of deferred vested temporary benefits is amortized over a 15-year closed period commencing July 1, 2006, on a level dollar basis.
Amortization method	•Unfunded liabilities not attributable to the loss due to valuation of deferred vested temporary benefits are amortized using a 25-year closed period, level-dollar amortization commencing July 1, 2007 (10 years remaining as of July 1, 2022).
Investment rate of return	6.75% per year
Projected salary increases	The Plan is frozen at July 1, 2013. Pay increases received after that date are not pensionable under the Plan
Cost of living increases	0.0% per year
Mortality table	Based on RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant and Mortality Table the scaling factors are 98% for men and 96% for women with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018 2-dimensional mortality improvements scales.